1. In cross-cultural communication, folded arms may  
   (A) signify defensiveness or resistance  
   (B) always indicate agreement  
   (C) universally show humility  
   (D) carry the same meaning everywhere
2. In professional communication, maintaining prolonged silence can  
   (A) be interpreted as reflective listening  
   (B) always mean active agreement  
   (C) be universally considered rude  
   (D) never vary across contexts
3. Pointing with a finger in intercultural contexts may  
   (A) be considered impolite in many societies  
   (B) always indicate respect  
   (C) have identical interpretations in all cultures  
   (D) universally symbolize authority
4. Strong physical proximity while speaking usually  
   (A) is viewed as warmth in some cultures but intrusive in others  
   (B) always suggests confidence  
   (C) guarantees clearer understanding  
   (D) carries the same meaning for all
5. A downward gaze in interpersonal interaction may  
   (A) signal respect in some societies but lack of confidence in others  
   (B) always denote assertiveness  
   (C) universally imply dishonesty  
   (D) mean the same in every cultural group
6. The act of touching someone’s head in communication  
   (A) is offensive in certain cultures with spiritual beliefs  
   (B) universally communicates affection  
   (C) always demonstrates professional courtesy  
   (D) never creates misunderstanding
7. Whistling during conversation in different societies  
   (A) is regarded as disrespectful in some, harmless in others  
   (B) always communicates joy  
   (C) conveys identical meaning everywhere  
   (D) is universally tied to approval
8. The gesture of a thumbs-up sign in global communication  
   (A) in some nations conveys appreciation, in others insult  
   (B) carries a single universal meaning  
   (C) always signals neutrality  
   (D) never risks cultural misinterpretation
9. In intercultural interactions, frequent smiling may  
   (A) be read as politeness in one society but insincerity in another  
   (B) always guarantee genuine happiness  
   (C) have the same cultural implication worldwide  
   (D) universally suggest nervousness
10. Raising one’s eyebrows in a multicultural environment  
    (A) can express surprise in most but flirtation in others  
    (B) always signals hostility  
    (C) conveys only confusion universally  
    (D) means the same across all populations